

**양정고 1학년 내신영어
시험에 이렇게 나온다!**
100% 목동 명인학원 박종화선 제작자료

단.연.컨.대. 이 자료로 공부하고 성적이 저조할 수는 없다!



한땀 한땀 장인의 손길로 박종화선가 직접 제작한
목동 그 어디에도 없는 유일무이한
양정고 1학년 영어내신 족집게 자료!

시험에 이렇게 나온다! by 박종화 (컨셉 중간고사범위 전체)

Section 1-1 세부 내용 파악

일러두기: 학습포인트에서 A vs. B의 경우, A가 정답!

유형 해결 _ 배운 대로 풀어 보자

Named after the dragons of Chinese mythology, leafy seadragons resemble a piece of drifting seaweed as they float in the seaweed-filled water. The leafy seadragon, with green, orange and gold hues along its body, is covered with leaf-like appendages, making it remarkably camouflaged. Like the seahorse, the male seadragon carries as many as 150~200 eggs. After being deposited by the female, the eggs are carried in the honeycomb-shaped area (known as the brood patch) under the male's tail for approximately eight weeks. Seadragons have no teeth or stomach and feed exclusively on mysidopsis shrimp. Known as "Australian seahorses" in Australia, they are found in calm, cold water that is approximately 10~12°C. Leafy seadragons have been protected by the South Australian government since 1982.

Named after
resemble = look like vs. resemble like (x)

어휘, 영영풀이, 분사구문, 5형식

as many as vs. as much as

수동

known as vs. known by vs. known for

혼동어휘 exclusively vs. inclusively

feed on = live on, known as 전치사 주의!

어휘 found vs. founded

현재완료 수동태

중국 신화에 나오는 용의 이름을 딴 나뭇잎 해룡은 해초가 가득한 물에서 떠다닐 때 한 가닥 떠다니는 해초처럼 보인다. 몸통을 따라 녹색, 오렌지색, 황금색의 색조를 띄고 있는 나뭇잎 해룡은 나뭇잎처럼 생긴 부속 기관들로 뒤덮여 있는데, 그것은 해룡이 훌륭하게 위장할 수 있도록 만든다. 해마처럼 수컷 해룡은 150에서 200개나 되는 알을 몸에 지니고 다닌다. 암컷이 알을 낳은 후에 수컷은 꼬리 아래쪽에 (알집이라고 알려진) 별집처럼 생긴 부위 안에 그 알을 대략 8주 동안 품는다. 해룡은 이빨이나 위가 없으며 미시둑시스 새우를 주요 먹이로 한다. 오스트레일리아에서는 '오스트레일리아 해마'로 알려졌으며, 그것들은 대략 섭씨 10~12도의 고요하고 차가운 물속에서 발견된다. 나뭇잎 해룡은 남부 호주 정부에 의해 1982년부터 보호되어왔다.

영영풀이: appendage

def.:-- something that is joined to something larger or more important, for example a small part of your body such as a hand or foot

Section 1-1 세부 내용 파악

배운 대로 연습하자 01

Kakapo is the world's rarest and strangest parrot. It's the only flightless parrot as well as being the heaviest in the world, weighing up to 3.5 kilograms. The birds live in New Zealand, which had virtually no mammals living there for millions of years. The Kakapo did not learn the defense mechanisms to combat or escape mammalian predators. This made the parrot very vulnerable when new animals started showing up. The arrival of Polynesian people thousands of years ago, of Europeans in the 1800's, and ultimately the pets and livestock they brought with them resulted in the massive decline of Kakapo populations from hundreds of thousands to a mere handful of birds.

as well as vs. as long as

분사구문

관계대명사

동의어 vulnerable = susceptible

result in vs. result from

서술형 문장!

카카포는 세계에서 가장 희귀하고 진기한 앵무새이다. 그 새는 무게가 3.5킬로그램까지 나가는 세계에서 가장 무겁고 유일하게 날지 못하는 앵무새이다. 그 새는 뉴질랜드에 사는데, 그곳에는 수백만 년 동안 거기에 사는 포유류가 사실상 없었다. 카카포는 포유류 포식자와 싸우거나 그에게서 도망갈 수 있는 방어 기제를 배우지 않았다. 이것이 새로운 동물이 나타나기 시작했을 때 그 앵무새들을 아주 취약하게 만들었다. 수천 년 전 폴리네시아 사람들과 1800년대 유럽인들의 출현, 그리고 궁극적으로는 그들이 데려온 애완동물과 가축들이 카카포의 개체수를 수십만에서 소수에 불과한 조류로 대폭 감소하게 하는 결과를 낳았다.

Section 1-1 세부 내용 파악

배운 대로 연습하자 02

Boadicea was the Queen of the Iceni, a tribe of Celts living in eastern England. After her husband, King Prasutagus, died around the year 59, the Romans seized the kingdom and began to despoil it, thus provoking the Iceni to revolt. Boadicea led the rebellion, which destroyed the towns of Colchester and London, until the Roman armies marched against her. The Romans defeated the Iceni and their Celtic allies, and Boadicea ended her own life by taking poison to avoid being captured. She is renowned for fighting from a chariot, and the Romans had to develop special tactics to combat these fast-moving warriors. She was described by one Roman historian as a tall, terrifying-looking woman with fierce eyes, a harsh voice, and very long hair. Boadicea's name means "victorious," or Victoria, and during the Victorian times she came to be viewed as a heroic symbol of Britain.

living = that lived

혼동어휘 seize vs. siege

분사구문, 어휘 despoil 동의어 = loot, pillage, plunder, ravage

관계대명사 용법 which vs. that (x)

avoid + 동명사, 수동

during vs. while, 변형이 될 수도 있으므로 주의!
서술형 문장!

Boadicea는 영국의 동쪽 지방에 살던 켈트족의 하나인 이케니족의 여왕이었다. 그녀의 남편인 Prasutagus 왕이 서기 59년 경에 사망하자 로마인들은 왕궁을 점령하여 약탈하기 시작하면서 이케니족이 반란을 일으키도록 자극했다. Boadicea는 반란을 이끌었고, 로마 군대가 그녀를 향해 진격해올 때까지 Colchester와 런던의 마을들을 파괴시켰다. 로마인들은 이케니족과 켈트 연합국을 패배시켰고, Boadicea는 포로로 잡히지 않기 위해 스스로 독약을 먹고 생을 마감했다. 그녀는 전차를 타고 싸우는 것으로 유명하며, 로마인들은 이 민첩한 군사들에 대항하기 위해 특별한 전술을 연마해야 했다. 그녀는 어느 로마 역사가에 의해 맹렬한 눈과 거친 목소리 그리고 긴 머리를 가진 키가 크고 무시무시한 모습의 여자로 묘사됐다. Boadicea의 이름은 “승리를 거둔”, 즉 승리의 여신이라는 의미이며, 빅토리아 시대 동안 그녀는 영국의 영웅적 상징으로 여겨지게 되었다.

note.

during + 명사

while + 주어 + 동사

while + 분사구문

while + 전치사구

Section 1-1 세부 내용 파악

배운 대로 연습하자 03

When Rudyard Kipling was only 6, he was sent by his British parents from their home in India back to England. There he spent five **miserable** years staying with a foster-mother he hated. **But** things looked up when he went to boarding school, where he **was quickly noticed as** a **budding** young writer. At 16 he returned to India and began writing short stories and poems **describing** the lives of the British and Indian people. In 1894 he wrote *The Jungle Book*, **which** includes stories about an Indian child, Mowgli, **brought up** by wolves. **These stories made such an impact that** junior Boy Scouts were called "Wolf Cubs" from then on. His finest novel, *Kim* **appeared** in 1901. Kim is an orphan boy who survives various exciting adventures in India through his **mastery of disguise**. Kipling was the first English writer to win the Nobel Prize for literature.

spend time ~ing

But = However 문장의 위치를 묻는 문제

수동태, where vs. there

단어(= burgeoning)

관계대명사 which vs. that

동이어 brought up = raised

어순 주의! such a(n) 형 + 명

서술형 문장! appear (자동사)

빈칸

Rudyard Kipling은 여섯 살 때, 영국인인 그의 부모에 의해 인도에 있는 집에서 영국으로 보내졌다. 거기서 그는 그가 미워했던 양어머니와 함께 머물면서 불행한 5년을 보냈다. 그러나 그가 기숙학교에 갔을 때 상황이 좋아졌는데, 거기서 그는 떠오르는 어린 작가로 금세 주목을 받았다. 16살 때 그는 인도로 돌아가서 영국과 인도 사람들의 삶을 묘사하는 단편 소설과 시를 쓰기 시작했다. 1894년에 그는 'The Jungle Book'을 썼는데, 그것은 늑대에 의해 키워진 Mowgli라는 인도의 어린 아이에 관한 이야기를 담고 있다. 이 이야기들은 너무나 영향력이 있어서 그 때 이후로 어린 보이 스카우트 대원들은 'Wolf Cubs(늑대 새끼들)'라고 불려졌다. 그의 가장 훌륭한 소설인 'Kim'은 1901년에 발행되었다. Kim은 그의 뛰어난 변장술을 통해 인도에서 다양한 흥미로운 모험에서 살아남는 고아 소년이다. Kipling은 노벨 문학상을 수상한 최초의 영국 작가였다.

이 글의 전개방식: chronological

글의 성격: biographical

Section 1-2 글의 목적 파악

유형 해결 _ 배운 대로 풀어 보자

On previous occasions detailed reviews of expectations **regarding** your performance have been undertaken to ensure that you understand the requirements of your position. They have been discussed with you orally on June 12 and in writing on July 13. However, you continue not to meet the expectations. Your failure to **adhere to** the requirements of your job on an ongoing basis has a serious impact on the operations of our department, and our ability to meet our goals. Once again you are expected to **reiterate** our performance expectations. Failure to meet these requirements will result in further corrective action, up to and including termination. You have a right to request review of this action under Policy 72: Complaint Resolution.

detailed vs. detailing

현재완료수동태

지칭하는 것, discuss vs. discuss about

문장삽입, 부정어의 위치

동의어 adhere to = stick to

동의어 meet = satisfy

어휘

서술형 예상문장

result in vs. result from

※ A result in B = B result from A

업무 향상을 위해 노력하라는 경고

이전에도 몇 차례 당신의 업무 수행과 관련하여 당신이 직책상의 필요조건들을 확실히 이해하도록 하기 위해 기대수준에 대한 상세한 검토가 수행되었습니다. 그것은 6월 12일에 당신과 함께 구두로 논의되었고, 7월 13일에는 서류로 논의되었습니다. 하지만 당신은 계속해서 기대수준에 못 미치고 있습니다. 당신이 계속해서 업무상 필요조건에 충실하지 못한 것은 우리 부서의 운영과, 목표 달성을 위한 우리의 능력에 심각한 영향을 미칩니다. 다시 한 번 당신이 우리의 업무 수행 기대수준을 따라주기를 기대합니다. 이러한 필요조건들을 충족시키지 못하면 해고까지, 혹은 이를 포함한 추가적인 교정 조치의 결과를 가져올 것입니다. 당신은 회사 방침 72조 조항인 ‘이의 결정’에 의거해 이 조치에 대한 재검토를 요청할 권리를 가지고 있습니다.

note. regarding = in connection with = with regard to = concerning, = when it comes to to

Section 1-2 글의 목적 파악

배운 대로 연습하자 01

I am writing to you as a longtime customer who is now close to desperation. Several months ago, I purchased the new Andromeda XL. The car was stylish, and it handled well. I loved it. Then, on September 20, while I was driving back to Los Angeles, the car stopped responding to the gas pedal. I tried to make my way to the right. Then I saw two big trucks bearing down on me. The drivers barely missed me, and somehow I managed to make it onto the shoulder alive. From there the frightening experience only got worse thanks to your customer service. They were rude, unhelpful, and they refused to compensate me for my expenses. I'm now seriously thinking of making a little film about your company and posting it on YouTube. I guarantee you won't be happy with it.

close vs. closely

well vs. good

stop ~ing vs. stop to, respond to vs. repond

try to vs. try ~ing

bear down on : 에 엄습하다, ...에 밀어닥치다

부정어구 도치문으로 바꿀 수 있어야 한다.70)

Barely did the drivers miss me.

동의를 알아두자!

thanks to = due to = owing to = on account of

refuse to compensate vs. refuse ~ing (x)

이제 거의 필사적인 상태에 이른 오랜 고객으로서 편지를 씁니다. 몇 개월 전에 나는 신형 Andromeda XL을 샀습니다. 그 차는 멋있었고 운전하기 좋았습니다. 나는 그 차가 마음에 들었습니다. 그리고 나서 9월 20일에 내가 로스앤젤레스로 차를 몰고 돌아가고 있을 때, 차가 가속 페달에 반응을 보이지 않았습니니다. 나는 오른편으로 가려고 애를 썼습니다. 그 때 두 대의 큰 트럭이 나를 향해 돌진하는 것을 보았습니다. 그 운전자들은 겨우 나를 피해 지나갔고 나는 용케 살아서 갓길로 차를 댈 수 있었습니다. 거기서부터 그 끔찍한 경험은 당신 회사의 고객 서비스 덕분에 더 악화되었습니다. 고객 서비스 직원들은 무례했고 도움이 되지 않았으며 비용에 대해 나에게 보상해주기를 거절했습니다. 나는 지금 당신 회사에 관한 작은 동영상을 만들어서 그것을 YouTube에 올릴까 심각하게 생각 중입니다. 내가 장담하건대 그 동영상을 보면 유쾌하지 않을 것입니다.

Section 1-2 글의 목적 파악

배운 대로 연습하자 02

Did you know George Washington never lived in the White House? Or that the Old Post Office Pavilion has **a prime vantage point** on the mall (a great way to avoid Washington Monument crowds)? Capital Segway discloses such **tidbits** while riders zoom the streets at a speedy 12 mph. The tour guide speaks through an iPod-like sound system, **which** Capital Segway says makes it "more intimate than a walking tour." The tour, offered day and night, rolls between 20 popular sights including the U.S. Capitol and the White House. Regulations prohibit the segway machines from entering buildings. Ten minutes suffice to train on the Segway, learning to **maneuver** it with ease. The devices adjust their equilibrium 100 times per second, automating what appears to be a difficult balancing act and freeing riders to enjoy the sights.

단어: a piece of interesting information

관계대명사, 어휘

offered vs. offering

entering vs. entering to, 단어 suffice

분사구문

내용어 빈칸, 분사구문

관계대명사, appear(자동사)

George Washington이 백악관에서 한 번도 살았던 적이 없다는 것을 알고 있었나요? 또는 Old Post Office Pavilion에 쇼핑몰에서 최고로 전망이 좋은 장소 (Washington Monument의 군중들을 피하는 가장 좋은 방법)가 있다는 것을 알고 있었나요? Capital Segway를 타고 거리를 시속 12마일로 붐 소리를 내며 달리는 동안 그런 재미있는 이야기들을 밝혀줍니다. 여행 가이드는 iPod와 같은 사운드 시스템을 통해 말하는데, Capital Segway 측은 그것이 도보 여행보다 더 친근함을 느끼게 한다고 말합니다. 주야로 제공되는 관광은 미 국회의사당과 백악관을 포함한 스무 곳의 유명한 볼거리를 돌아봅니다. 세그웨이 기계는 건물 안에 들어갈 수 없도록 규제가 됩니다. 세그웨이를 교육받고 쉽게 조작할 수 있도록 배우는 데는 10분이면 충분합니다. 그 기기들은 1초에 100번 평형을 조절하고, 균형을 잡기위해 어려워 보이는 것을 자동화하며, 타는 사람들이 볼거리를 자유로이 즐길 시간을 줍니다.

Section 1-2 글의 목적 파악

배운 대로 연습하자 03

One in every ten U.S. consumers **has been victimized** by identity theft — many without even knowing it. The majority of victims have trouble resolving the negative issues that arise from **identity theft**, resulting in poor credit scores and the inability to obtain loans. Why put your integrity and your future at risk? At Suzanne Sansom we've been protecting individuals, families, and businesses from **fraud** and consistently providing the most effective and affordable identity theft coverage. We pride ourselves on offering customized plans that meet your needs and fit your budget. So why wait? Protect yourself and your identity today; you are your own most important investment. At Suzanne Sansom, we are here to serve you, so contact us now!

현재완료 수동태, 주어-동사 수일치
주어-동사 수일치, have trouble ~ing

혼동어휘 arise vs. rise vs. raise, 내용어 빈칸
result in vs. result from

문장삽입

단어

단어

customized vs. customizing

serve vs. serve to

미국의 소비자 10명 중 한 명은 신분 도용의 희생자가 되어 왔으며, 많은 사람들은 심지어 그것을 알지도 못합니다. 대다수의 희생자들은 신분 도용으로 인해 발생하는 부정적인 문제들을 해결하느라 어려움을 겪고, 결국에는 신용 점수가 나빠서 대출을 받지 못하게 됩니다. 왜 당신의 성실성과 당신의 미래를 위험에 처하게 하십니까? Suzanne Sansom에서 저희는 개인과 가족과 기업들을 사기로부터 보호하고, 가장 효과적이고 알맞은 신분 도용 보험 보장을 꾸준히 제공해오고 있습니다. 저희는 당신의 요구를 충족시키고 당신의 예산에 맞는 맞춤형 설계안을 제공하는 것을 자랑으로 여기고 있습니다. 그러니 왜 기다리십니까? 오늘 당신과 당신의 신분을 보호하세요. 당신은 당신 자신의 가장 중요한 투자대상입니다. 저희는 당신을 모시기 위해 여기 Suzanne Sansom에 있으니, 지금 저희에게 연락하세요!

Section 1-6 주제 추론

유형 해결 _ 배운 대로 풀어 보자

importance of experience in the development of the brain

경험이 뇌 발달에 미치는 영향

The animal brain is by no means fully formed at birth. It continues to shape itself through life. A vivid demonstration of this is in studies of "rich" and "poor" rats. The "rich" rats lived in small groups in cages with plenty of rat diversions such as ladders and treadmills. The "poor" rats lived in cages that were similar but barren and lacking diversions. Over a period of months the neocortex of the rich rats developed far more complex networks of synaptic circuits interconnecting the neurons; the poor rats' neuronal circuitry was sparse by comparison. The difference was so great that the rich rats' brains were heavier, and, perhaps not surprisingly, they were far smarter at solving mazes than the poor rats. Similar experiments with monkeys show these differences between those "rich" and "poor," and the same effect is sure to occur in humans.

by no means
continue는 동명사 부정사를 목적으로 취한다.

어휘

어휘
비교급 강조부사(still, a lot, far, much, even)
interconnecting vs. interconnected

어휘
so~that구문

than the poor rats are vs. than the poor rats do

자동사는 수동으로 쓰일 수 없다.

동물의 뇌는 태어날 때 결코 완전히 형성되지 않는다. 그것은 평생에 걸쳐 형태를 만들어 나간다. 이 점을 분명하게 증명해주는 것이 '부유한(경험이 풍부한) 쥐와 '가난한(경험이 부족한) 쥐의 연구에 있다. 부유한 쥐들은 사다리, 트레드밀과 같은 쥐 놀이기구가 많이 있는 우리에 소규모 무리를 이루어 살았다. 가난한 쥐들은 비슷하지만 빈약하고 놀이기구가 부족한 우리에 살았다. 여러 달이 지난 뒤에 부유한 쥐들의 대뇌 신피질이 뉴런을 서로 연결하는 훨씬 더 복잡한 시냅스 회로 네트워크를 발달시켰다. 가난한 쥐들의 신경 회로는 상대적으로 빈약했다. 그 차이가 너무 커서 부유한 쥐들의 뇌는 더 무거웠고, 어쩌면 당연하게도 그것들은 가난한 쥐들보다 미로를 해결하는 데 훨씬 더 영리했다. 원숭이들을 대상으로 한 비슷한 실험들도 부유한 원숭이들과 가난한 원숭이들 사이의 이러한 차이점들을 보여주는데, 같은 결과가 틀림없이 인간들에게서도 일어난다.

by no means 결코 ~않다
diversion 기분 전환, 오락
barren 황량한; 빈약한
sparse 희박한; 부족한, 빈약한

Section 1-6 주제 추론

배운 대로 좀 더 연습하자

o1 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

impact of human-created noise on dolphins

인간이 만들어 낸 소음이 돌고래에게 미치는 영향

Hearing is the most important sense for dolphins, and the ability to hear well is vital in all key aspects of their lives including finding food, navigating and social interactions. Any reduction in hearing ability — whether by physical damage or masking by other sound — may seriously damage the viability of individuals and, **therefore**, populations. Human-created noise pollution which comes from shipping and military activities in the marine environment contributes to unintended consequences in dolphins, including altering behavior, increasing stress and displacement from important habitats. **But** the extent of harassment, whether intentional or incidental, may be increasing and we are currently unable to evaluate the long-term impact.

well vs. good, vital=essential

혼동어휘 reduction vs. induction

어법 other vs. the other, 어휘 viability vs. feasibility

연결어 (A): Therefore = Thus = Hence

contribute to vs. contribute, 내용어구 빈칸추론

consequences vs. sequences

어휘, 연결어 (B): However

내용어구 빈칸추론

청각은 돌고래에게 가장 중요한 감각이며, 잘 들을 수 있는 능력은 먹이를 찾고, 방향을 찾아 헤엄치고, 사회적 상호 작용을 하는 것을 포함하여 돌고래의 삶의 모든 주요한 측면에 있어서 필수적이다. 청력의 감소는 신체적인 손상에 의한 것이든 다른 소리에 의한 차폐로 인한 것이든 간에 개체들의 생존 능력과, 나아가서는 개체 수에 심각하게 피해를 입힐 수도 있다. 해양 환경에서의 선박 운항과 군사 활동으로부터 발생하는 인간이 만들어 낸 소음 공해는 행동 변화, 스트레스 증가, 주요 서식지로부터의 이동을 포함하여 돌고래에게 의도치 않은 결과를 초래한다. 하지만 의도한 것이든 우연한 것이든 간에 괴롭힘의 정도는 아마도 증가할 것이며, 현재로서는 그 장기적인 영향을 평가할 수 없다.

viability 생존 능력

displacement 이동; 추방

harassment 괴롭힘

incidental 우연히 일어나는, 부수적인

Section 1-6 주제 추론

02 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

the influence of new technology on World War I

새로운 기술이 제 1차 세계 대전에 미친 영향

World War I was the first mechanized war in history. In the beginning fighting was similar to wars fought in the previous century. But new and terrifying weapons were introduced which completely changed the whole style of warfare. Aircraft were used for the first time to observe the enemy and to locate suitable targets for the long-range artillery. Later on, fighter planes began to shoot down the spotters, introducing aerial warfare. Aircraft and Zeppelin airships were used as bombers. The most terrifying new weapon was poison gas which was used by both sides. It caused millions of deaths and terrible suffering. Armored tanks also made their first appearance in battle.

fought = that had been fought

However, 문장삽입

어휘

어휘

분사구문

서술형 출제가능 문장!

제1차 세계 대전은 역사상 최초의 기계화된 전쟁이었다. 초기에 전투는 이전 세기에 싸웠던 전쟁들과 비슷했다. 하지만 전체 전투 방식을 완전히 바꾸어 놓은 새롭고 무시무시한 무기들이 도입되었다. 적을 정찰하고 장거리포를 위한 적절한 목표물의 위치를 파악하기 위해 항공기가 최초로 사용되었다. 나중에 전투기들이 정찰기들을 쏘아 떨어뜨리기 시작함으로써, 공중전을 불러왔다. 항공기와 Zeppelin 비행선이 폭격기로 사용되었다. 가장 무시무시한 신무기는 양측 둘 다에 의해 사용된 독가스였다. 그것은 수백만을 죽게 했고 끔찍한 고통을 가져왔다. 무장한 탱크도 전투에 처음으로 등장했다.

Section 1-6 주제 추론

03 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

effects of humans' mobility on the spread of disease

사람의 이동이 질병 확산에 미치는 영향

In fourteenth-century Europe, the plague did not spread very quickly from town to town because people typically did not travel more than a few miles a day, and the people they interacted with usually lived nearby. Back then, it took more than three years for the plague to move from the southern part of Europe to its northern reaches, with an average speed of movement of two or three miles a day.

But over the past centuries there has been a dramatic increase in how far people can travel, and the wider physical range of modern social networks has greatly increased the speed at which pathogens can spread. For example, one of the people involved in the 2003 SARS outbreak carried the infection eight thousand miles in a single day.

plague vs. plaque

interacted with vs. interact

연결어 However

서술형 출제가능 문장!

연결어 For example

14세기 유럽에서는 전염병이 도시에서 도시로 그다지 빠르게 확산되지 않았는데, 사람들이 대체로 하루에 몇 마일 이상 이동하지 못했고, 그들과 교류하는 사람들도 대개 근처에 살았기 때문이다. 그 당시만 해도, 전염병이 유럽 남부 지방에서 북부 지역까지 이동하는 데, 하루에 평균적으로 2~3마일의 이동 속도로 삼 년 이상이 걸렸다. 그러나 지난 몇 세기에 걸쳐 사람들이 얼마나 멀리 이동할 수 있는가에 있어서 극적인 증가가 있었으며, 현대의 사회적 네트워크의 보다 폭넓은 물리적인 범위는 병원균들이 확산될 수 있는 속도를 상당히 증가시켰다. 예를 들어, 2003년의 SARS 발병에 연루된 사람들 중 한 명은 단 하루만에 8천 마일이나 그 전염병을 옮겼다.

plague 전염병, 역병

pathogen 병원균

outbreak 발병, 발발

Section 1-7 제목 추론

유형 해결 _ 배운 대로 풀어 보자

Happy Kid, Happy Adult!

유년기의 행복한 경험과 성인기의 행복한 삶의 관계

Few topics in psychology get as much attention as the linkage between childhood experiences and adult happiness.

Researchers at Cambridge University tackled this issue in 2011 by examining the early and teen years of 2,776 adult subjects, analyzing their childhood mental well-being and personality assessed from school records and personality tests among other sources. They then correlated this information with their adult subjects' education level, marital status, income, occupation, mental health, social involvement, and leadership activities. Compared with children who had no positive ratings, participants with one positive childhood rating (e.g., a glowing teacher's report) were 21% less likely to develop emotional problems as adults, while those with two or more positive ratings were 61% less likely to develop those problems.

주제문 서술형 영작 / few vs. a few, as ~ as 구문

tackle

분사구문

other vs. the other

correlate A with B

compared with

be likely to R vs. 조동사 likely R, 내용어구 빈칸추론
동어의 be likely to = be prone to = be apt to, etc.

심리학에서 유년기의 경험과 성인으로서의 행복사이의 연관성 만큼 많은 주목을 받은 주제도 거의 없다. Cambridge 대학교

의 연구원들은 2011년에 2,776명의 성인 실험 대상자들의 어린 시절과 십대 시절을 조사함으로써 이 문제를 다루었는데, 다른 출처 중에서도 학교 기록과 성격 테스트를 통해 평가된 실험 대상자들의 유년기의 정신 건강과 성격을 분석했다. 그런 다음 그들은 이 정보를 성인 실험 대상자들의 교육 수준, 결혼 여부, 수입, 직업, 정신 건강, 사회 참여, 지도자 활동과 상호 연관시켰다. 긍정적인 유년기 평가를 받지 못했던 아이들과 비교했을 때, 한 가지의 긍정적 유년기 평가(예를 들면, 극찬하는 교사의 평가서)를 받았던 참가자들은 성인으로서 정서적 문제를 일으킬 가능성이 21퍼센트나 더 적었으며, 반면에 두 개나 그 이상의 긍정적 평가를 받았던 사람들은 그런 문제를 일으킬 가능성이 61퍼센트나 더 적었다

linkage 연계, 결합
assess 평가하다

tackle (문제 등을) 다루다
correlate 서로 관련시키다

Section 1-7 제목 추론

배운 대로 좀 더 연습하자

o1 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Deaf But Feel the Sound

청력을 잃었지만 음악을 느낄 수 있는 Evelyn Glennie

Solo percussionist Evelyn Glennie became profoundly deaf as a young girl, but she learned to understand music and to hear with her other senses. For her part, Glennie admits no difference between feeling sound and hearing sound, ***nor does she differentiate between the visual observation of lips moving and the spoken words she hears.*** Indeed, she insists that "hear" is the correct word. "I see something, I hear it. If you dropped your pencil on the floor, I'm assuming that's making a noise; therefore I'm using my imagination; therefore I hear it. And that's basically how my sound world is made up. It's entirely through my imagination; entirely through touch, entirely through feel and what I see. It's all using every sense I have." The percussionist actively creates her ***perceptual world using her mind.***

profoundly

병렬구조

혼동어휘 admit vs. commit

서술형 영작 (부정어구 도치문)

어법주의! is made up vs. is made up of

내용어구 빈칸추론

타악기 독주자인 Evelyn Glennie는 소녀였을 때 완전히 청력을 잃었지만, 그녀는 음악을 이해하고 다른 감각을 이용해서 듣는 것을 배웠다. Glennie의 입장에서는 소리를 느끼는 것과 소리를 듣는 것 사이의 차이가 전혀 없다는 것을 인정하며, 입술의 움직임을 눈으로 관찰하는 것과 그녀가 듣는 말 사이에도 차이가 없다. 실제로, 그녀는 '듣는다'는 것이 적절한 말이라고 주장한다. "제가 무언가를 본다는 것은 곧 그것을 듣는다는 거예요. 만약 당신이 바닥에 연필을 떨어뜨린다면, 저는 그것이 소리를 낼 거라고 생각해요. 그래서 저는 저의 상상력을 이용하죠. 그러면 저는 그 소리를 듣게 되는 거예요. 그리고 그것이 기본적으로 저의 소리 세계가 구성되는 방식이에요. 그것은 순전히 저의 상상력과 촉감, 느낌, 제가 본 것을 통한 것이죠. 그것은 제가 가진 모든 감각을 이용하는 것이에요." 그 타악기 연주자는 그녀의 마음을 이용해서 활발하게 자신의 지각 세계를 창조한다.

Section 1-7 제목 추론

02 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Architectural Design to Discourage Intruders

침입자를 막기 위한 건축 설계

Break-ins happen where ways of getting in are either weakly protected or out of sight. Windows and doors can be more strongly constructed and armed with dead bolts. They can also be sited in places that are well-lit and public, or, in the case of windows, hard to access. **But** making somewhere look like a prison camp increases alienation and probably incites crime. **So** these features always need to look attractive and stylish, as well as strong. **And** it's worth creating space for planting and plant barriers rather than building a lot of walls, bars, and concrete. **Planting not only gives a place a more attractive, cared-for look**; burglars are actually more deterred by flower beds and hedges than they are by walls. It's surprisingly hard to climb over a hedge!

글의 순서/연결어 출제 유력!

수동태

hard vs. hardly, 연결어 (A) However, 서술형 영작

연결어 (B) Therefore, Thus, Hence

연결어 (C) Moreover = Furthermore = What's more = Besides = In addition = Not only that = On top of that = Plus, etc.

부정어구 도치문으로 문장변형!

deter vs. defer (늦추다, 연기하다)

hard vs. hardly

(가택) 침입은 들어가는 길이 보호가 허술하거나 보이지 않는 곳에서 발생한다. 창문과 문은 좀 더 튼튼하게 지어지고 데드 볼트 장치를 갖추고 있을 수 있다. 그것들은 조명이 밝고 공개되어 있거나 창문의 경우에는 접근하기 어려운 장소에 설치될 수도 있다. 그러나 어떤 장소를 포로수용소처럼 보이게 만드는 것은 소외감을 증가시키고 아마도 범죄를 부추길 수도 있다. 그래서 이러한 지형물들은 항상 튼튼하면서도 매력적이고 현대식으로 보일 필요가 있다. 그리고 많은 담, 울타리, 콘크리트를 설치하는 것보다 식물을 심거나 식물 장애물 공간을 만드는 것이 가치가 있다. 식물을 심는 것은 어떤 장소가 보다 매력적이고 관리를 받고 있다는 인상을 줄뿐만 아니라 그것들이 담으로 되어 있을 때보다 화단이나 울타리로 되어 있을 때 강도들은 실제로 좀 더 제지를 받는다. 울타리를 타고 넘는 것은 대단히 어렵다!

site 위치시키다, 설치하다

alienation 멀리함, 소외

incite 자극하다, 조장하다

deter 단념시키다

hedge 산울타리, 울타리; 장벽

Section 1-7 제목 추론

o3 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

From Transaction-Based Marketing to Relationship one

거래에 기초한 마케팅에서 관계 마케팅으로의 전환

As marketing progresses through the 21st century, a significant change is taking place in the way companies interact with customers. The traditional view of marketing as a simple exchange process, or transaction-based marketing, is being replaced by a different, longer-term approach that emphasizes building relationships with customers. Traditional marketing strategies focused on attracting customers and closing deals. Today's marketers realize that, although it's important to attract new customers, ***it is even more important to establish and maintain a relationship with them so they become loyal repeat customers.*** These efforts must expand to include suppliers and employees as well. Over the long term, this relationship may be translated to the lifetime value of a customer.

혼동어휘 progress vs. process
 is taking place vs. is being taken place
 interact with vs. interact
 수동태의 능동태 전환
 혼동어휘 emphasize vs. empathize
 주절의 주어자리 it vs. which
 서술형 출제가능 문장!
 혼동어휘 expand vs. expend vs. extend
 수동태
 내용어구 빈칸추론

21세기 동안 마케팅이 발달하면서, 회사들이 고객들과 상호 작용하는 방식에 중요한 변화가 일어나고 있다. 마케팅을 단순한 교환 과정으로 보는 전통적인 관점, 즉 거래에 기초한 마케팅은 고객들과의 관계 형성을 강조하는 다른 장기적인 접근법에 의해 대체되고 있다. 전통적인 마케팅 전략은 고객을 유지하고 거래를 완료하는 데 집중했었다. 오늘날의 마케팅 담당자들은 신규 고객을 유지하는 것이 중요하긴 하지만, 그들과의 관계를 수립하고 유지하여 그들이 충실한 단골 고객이 되는 것이 훨씬 더 중요하다는 것을 깨닫고 있다. 이러한 노력들은 또한 공급업자와 종업원들도 포함하도록 확대되어야 한다. 장기간에 걸쳐, 이러한 관계는 고객의 평생 가치로 해석될 수도 있다.

transaction-based 거래에 기초한
 emphasize 강조하다
 loyal 충실한
 expand 확대되다

Section 1-만점대비 중간점검

만점대비 중간점검 01

01 다음 글에 드러난 'She'의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것은?

She pushed the "off" button and stared at the microphone. Her fingers were **tingling**. She'd done it! She'd taken the first huge step of the year **to becoming** someone people actually knew and admired. Who knew? Maybe by next year, people would be voting for her for homecoming queen. The thought gave her **chills**. The hallway **was packed with** students **clanking** their lockers open. She had just a few minutes to get to her locker before first period. Her face **was flushed with** excitement. She felt like a new woman. **But no one seemed to be looking at her**. She stared at the students as they **continued to brush** past her, **oblivious** to the fact that **she'd just given an amazing performance over the loudspeaker**. Was it possible that everyone was just too **jealous** of her obvious talent to acknowledge her?

단어
전치사 + 동명사 to becoming vs. to become

단어, 수동태
단어

수동태
문장삽입, 절 변환 = it seemed that no one was looking ~
continue to brush = continue brushing

단어, 4형식 문장의 수동태
given an amazing performance vs. given with ~

그녀는 '꺼짐' 단추를 누르고 마이크를 응시했다. 그녀는 손가락이 얼얼했다. 그녀가 해냈다! 그녀는 사람들이 실제로 알아보고 부러워할 만한 사람이 될 올해의 거대한 첫발을 내디딘 것이었다. 누가 알겠는가? 아마도 내년에는 사람들이 동창회의 여왕으로 그녀에게 표를 던질지도 모른다. 그런 생각을 하자 그녀는 매우 떨려왔다. 복도는 사물함을 열기 위해 철커덕대는 학생들로 가득 차 있었다. 그녀는 1교시 전에 그녀의 사물함으로 가기에는 몇 분밖에 없었다. 그녀의 얼굴은 흥분으로 상기되었다. 그녀는 새로운 사람이 된 것 같은 느낌이었다. 그러나 아무도 그녀를 보고 있는 것 같지 않았다. 그녀가 확성기를 통해 방금 엄청난 공연을 펼쳤다는 사실은 안중에도 없이 그녀의 주위를 계속 스쳐 지나가는 학생들을 지켜보았다. 사람들이 전부 그녀의 확실한 재능을 너무 질투한 나머지 그녀를 인정할 수 없다는 게 가능한 것인가?

tingle 따끔거리다, 얼얼하다
homecoming 동창회
chill 오한, 냉기
clank 철커덕하는 소리를 내다
flush 붉어지다, 상기되다
brush past 스치듯 지나가다
oblivious 의식하지 못하는, 안중에 없는

Section 1-만정대비 중간정경

02 armadillo에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The name armadillo means "little armored one." All armadillos are shielded with plates of bones and horn set in the skin of their backs, heads, and tails. When attacked, some can curl up into a ball. Those which are not able to roll up defend themselves with the huge claws on their front feet. But they are not aggressive and whenever possible prefer to escape danger by burrowing. Armadillos are slow-moving animals, **mainly active at night**, when they hunt for insects, worms and carrion. Some armadillos produce a single young one each year, but most have a litter of identical cubs, all developed from a single fertilized egg. Most species of armadillos are now rare, partly because they have been hunted for food, and partly because of the destruction of their habitat.

*carrion 썩은 고기

수동태, set vs. setting

재귀대명사

문장삽입

nocturnal (야행성의) vs. diurnal

developed vs. developing

품사

현재완료 수동태, 동의어 due to, owing to, on account of

내용어 빈칸

아르마딜로라는 이름은 ‘갑옷 입을 작은 짐승’이라는 의미이다. 모든 아르마딜로는 등과 머리와 꼬리의 피부에 고정된 뼈와 뿔로 된 판으로 감싸져 있다. 공격을 받으면, 어떤 것들은 공처럼 몸을 웅크려 말 수 있다. 둥글게 말 수 없는 것들은 앞발에 있는 거대한 발톱으로 스스로를 방어한다. 그러나 그것들은 공격적이지 않으며 가능하다면 굴을 파고 들어가 위험을 피하기를 좋아한다. 아르마딜로는 천천히 움직이는 동물로 주로 밤에 활동을 하며, 밤에 곤충과 벌레와 썩은 고기를 사냥한다. 어떤 아르마딜로는 매년 한 마리의 새끼를 낳지만, 대부분은 한 배의 동일한 새끼들을 가지는데, 모두가 하나의 수정란에서 성장한 것이다. 대부분의 아르마딜로 종들은 현재 희귀한데, 부분적으로는 식용으로 사냥을 당했기 때문이며, 부분적으로는 서식지 파괴 때문이다.

armored 갑옷을 두른
curl up 말다, 웅크리다
aggressive 공격적인
identical 동일한
fertilized egg 수정란
habitat 서식지

shield 감싸다, 보호하다
claw 발톱
burrow 굴을 파다
cub (곰·사자 등의) 새끼
rare 드문

Section 1-만정대비 중간점검

03 Asoka에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Asoka was the greatest emperor of ancient India, who brought nearly all of India, together with Baluchistan and Afghanistan, under one sway for the first time in history. He took government very seriously, **reforming** taxes, **encouraging** trade and farming, and **building** walled cities with **pleasant** houses and paved streets. According to legends, after his bloody conquest of the state of Kalinga, Asoka was remorseful for the suffering he had inflicted; **accepted** Buddhism and abandoned wars of conquest. Asoka made new laws and had them inscribed on stone pillars set up all across his empire. He erected numerous Buddhist monasteries and stupas, regulated the slaughter of animals, and softened the harsh laws of his predecessors. He sent Buddhist missionaries throughout India and its adjacent lands, and as far as Syria, Egypt, and Greece. India prospered and art flourished under the **reign** of Asoka. After his death the Mauryan empire swiftly declined.

*stupas 사리탑

단어

병렬구조 및 문장변환에 주의할 것

pleasant vs. pleased

according to legends = legend has it that ~ (관용표현)

단어, inflicted vs. conflicted,

세미콜론에 주의! comma로 바꾸면 뒤에 이어지는 accepted는 분사구문인 accepting으로 바뀌어야 한다.

단어

단어

단어, 혼동어휘 reign vs. rein

아소카는 고대 인도의 가장 위대한 황제로 역사상 처음으로 발루치스탄(파키스탄 서부에 있는 주)과 아프가니스탄까지 포함한 인도의 거의 대부분을 하나의 통치 체제 아래에 두었다. 그는 세계 개혁을 하고, 무역과 농업을 장려하였으며, 쾌적한 주택과 포장된 도로가 있는 성벽으로 둘러싸인 도시들을 건설하는 등 국가의 통치를 매우 중대하게 여겼다. 설화에 따르면 칼링가 국가의 잔인한 정복 이후 아소카는 그가 저지른 참상에 양심의 가책을 느껴서 불교를 받아들이고 정복 전쟁을 그만두었다. 아소카는 새로운 법문을 만들어 제국 전역에 세운 돌기둥에 그것들을 새기게 하였다. 그는 수많은 불교 수도원과 사리탑을 세웠고, 동물의 도살을 규제하고, 이전 왕들의 가혹한 법 규정을 완화시켰다. 그는 인도 전역과 인도의 인접 지역, 그리고 멀리 시리아, 이집트, 그리스에 이르기까지 불교 사절단들을 보냈다. 아소카의 지배하에 인도는 번창하고 예술이 번성하였다. 그의 죽음 이후 마우리아 제국은 빠르게 쇠퇴하였다.

sway 지배, 통치

conquest 정복

remorseful 몹시 후회하고 있는, 양심의 가책을 받는

inflict (타격·상처·고통 따위를) 주다, 입히다

inscribe 적다, 새기다

pillar 기둥

monastery 수도원

slaughter 도살, 살육

predecessor 전임자

missionary 선교사, 전도사

adjacent 인접한

flourish 번영하다

reign 통치, 지배

Section 1-만정대비 중간정경

05 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

To keep yourself in top condition — physically, mentally, emotionally — and to look good and feel good, you know there's no better way than The Hawthorne Fitness Club. We offer you modern, clean, and well-equipped facilities, a friendly staff all ***dedicated to offering*** the widest range of sports, and relaxation facilities, and an interesting variety of instructional and recreational programs. The beauty of it is that you can find it all in one convenient location for one low fee. Earning your membership is easy with a number of convenient payment methods ***from which to choose***. We suggest the monthly automatic withdrawal. But you may choose to charge the membership fee on your Visa or MasterCard. We look forward to helping you enjoy a year of health, fun, and fitness here.

dedicated vs. dedicating, 전치사 + 동명사

a number of vs. the number of

전치사 + 관계대명사

단어

전치사 + 동명사

신체적으로, 정신적으로, 정서적으로 최상의 컨디션을 유지하고, 건강해 보이고, 기분도 좋게 하는 데 있어 The Hawthorne Fitness Club보다 나은 방법은 없습니다. 저희는 고객님의 현대식의 깨끗하고 잘 갖추어진 시설, 다양한 영역의 운동을 제공하는 데 열심인 친절할 직원들, 휴식시설, 흥미롭고 다양한 강습과 오락 프로그램을 제공하고 있습니다. 이 클럽의 장점은 이 모든 것을 편리한 한 장소에서 저렴한 회비로 얻을 수 있다는 것입니다. 고객님은 선택할 수 있는 여러 가지 편리한 회비 납부 방법들을 이용해 손쉽게 회원이 될 수 있습니다. 월간 자동이체를 제안 드리지만, 비자 혹은 마스터카드로 회비를 납부하는 것을 선택하실 수도 있습니다. 저희는 고객님이 이곳에서 건강과 즐거움, 체력이 갖든 한해를 누리도록 도울 수 있기를 기대합니다.

well-equipped 좋은 장비를 갖춘

facility 시설, 설비

dedicate 전념하다, 헌신하다

relaxation 휴식

location 장소, 위치

automatic withdrawal 자동이체

charge 신용카드로 구입하다

Section 1-만정대배 중간점검

06 다음 글의 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은?

The paddle moved rhythmically, and the boat rocked ever so slightly. Now they sat in the middle of a small lake. Tundra swan and Canada geese literally surrounded them. Thousands of them. Birds were floating so close together in some places that Rachel couldn't see the water. They sat in silence for a long while, watching the birds. Dan pointed out a group of chicks, recently hatched, following a pack of geese near the shore, struggling to keep up. The air was filled with honking and chirping as Dan moved the canoe through the water. Dan brought out the bag of bread he'd brought earlier and handed it to Rachel. She scattered the bread favoring the little ones, laughing and smiling as they swam in circles, looking for food.

- ever so = 매우
- 지칭대상
- 지칭대상
- 지칭대상, so ~ that, close vs. closely
- 지칭대상
- 분사구문
- hatched vs. hatching, 분사구문
- 분사구문 병렬, keep up vs. keep up with
- 수동태
- 단어
- 분사구문, 지칭대상
- 분사구문

노는 리드미컬하게 움직였고, 보트는 아주 약간씩 흔들렸다. 이제 그들은 어느 작은 호수의 한가운데 떠 있었다. 툰드라 백조와 캐나다 거위가 말 그대로 그들을 둘러싸고 있었다. 수 천 마리였다. 어떤 곳에서는 새들이 서로 너무나 가까이 떠 있어서 Rachel은 물이 보이지 않았다. 그들은 새들을 바라보면서 얼마간 말없이 앉아있었다. Dan은 최근에 태어나 물가에서 거위무리를 따라가며 뒤쳐지지 않으려고 버둥거리는 한 무리의 새끼들을 가리켰다. Dan이 호수를 가로질러 카누를 움직일 때 주변은 끼룩끼룩하는 소리와 짹짹거리는 소리로 가득했다. Dan은 미리 가져온 빵 봉지를 꺼내 Rachel에게 건넸다. 그녀는 작은 새들을 더 좋아하며 그것들이 먹을 것을 찾아 원을 그리며 헤엄치자 미소를 지으며 빵을 뿌려주었다.

- rock 흔들다, 움직이다
- ever so 매우 slightly 약간
- literally 말 그대로, 그야말로
- hatch 부화하다
- struggle 버둥거리다, 분투하다
- honk 기러기가 울다
- chirp 짹짹거리다
- scatter 흩뿌리다
- favor 애호하다

cf. 이 글의 분위기를 다음처럼 나타낼 수도 있다.

pastoral and bucolic (목가적인) /or/ idyllic and peaceful

[참고] 출처: 나무위키
문학에서 목가란, 한자 뜻대로 목축을 하는 목동들의 관점으로 작성된 서정적이고 맑은 분위기의 문학작품에 붙이는 표현이다.

대개 자연으로의 회귀를 말하거나, 평화로운 풍경으로부터 인간 내적의 힐링 감동 요소를 노래한다고 보일 때 자주 사용하는 단어이다. 다만 자연에 대해 감상하는 화자의 태도에 대해 목가적인 분위기가 달라지는데, 자연으로부터 인생 역경의 극복 방안을 깨닫는다가, 자연처럼 오랜 세월 굳건하게 스스로를 지킬 것을 다짐하는 시들은 목가적이라 부르지 않는다. 오히려 풍경은 풍경대로 두고 화자와 표현 객체 사이에 일정한 서술적 거리를 유지하면서 풍경으로부터 받은 단편적인 감상은 은연중에 드러냄으로써 목가적인 분위기가 다수 창출된다.

Section 1-만정대비 중간점검

o8 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The Governance Workgroup is developing recommendations on governance mechanisms for the nationwide health information network. The Workgroup is now preparing recommendations on how governance functions should be implemented and by whom. As a first step, the Workgroup would like to identify existing mechanisms that might be appropriate, with or without modifications, and with or without some added coordination; and whether new mechanisms are needed, and if so, which? The Workgroup would like public input on these issues and has created a questionnaire listing the core functions and questions to frame the input. The questionnaire is presented below for your comments. You can download and complete it and email it to onn.request@hhss.gov. We would appreciate receiving your email as soon as possible and no later than October 3.

- 빈칸, nationwide = statewide
- preparing vs. preparing for
- 간접의문문 어순
- 혼동어휘 implemented vs. complemented
- 단어
- 단어
- 빈칸
- 단어, 빈칸
- 단어
- appreciate vs. appreciate for

정부 활동위원회는 전국적인 건강관리 정보망을 위한 정부 관리 체제에 대한 지침을 마련하고 있습니다. 활동위원회는 지금 정부의 관리 기능이 어떻게, 그리고 누구에 의해 시행되어야 하는지에 관한 권고사항들을 준비하고 있습니다. 첫 단계로 활동위원회는 수정 없이 또는 일부 수정으로, 그리고 추가 조정 없이 또는 추가조정으로 적절한 기존 체제가 있는지, 아울러 새로운 체제가 필요한지, 필요하다면 어떤 것인지를 파악하고자 합니다. 활동위원회는 이 문제에 대한 대중의 의견을 원하며 그래서 핵심 기능과 넣으려는 의견의 틀을 잡은 질문들을 열거한 설문지를 고안하였습니다. 그 설문지는 여러분의 의견 개진을 위해 아래 제시되었습니다. 그것을 다운로드 하여 완성한 후 onn.request@hhss.gov로 이메일을 보내시면 됩니다. 가능한 한 조속히, 늦어도 10월 3일까지 귀하의 이메일을 받아볼 수 있으면 감사하겠습니다.

- governance 통치, 관리
- mechanism 구조, 체제
- develop 개발하다, 고안하다
- modification 정정, 교정
- input 의견, 조언; 투입
- questionnaire 설문(지)

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

[Naming/Named]¹⁾ after the dragons of Chinese mythology, leafy seadragons [resemble/resemble like]²⁾ a piece of drifting seaweed as they _____³⁾ in the seaweed-filled water. The leafy seadragon, with green, orange and gold hues along its body, has covered with leaf-like _____,⁴⁾ [made/making]⁵⁾ it remarkably c_____.⁶⁾ Like the seahorse, the male seadragon carries [as many as/as much as]⁷⁾ 150~200 eggs. After _____ _____⁸⁾ the female, the eggs are carried in the honeycomb-shaped area (known _____⁹⁾ the brood patch) under the male's tail for approximately eight weeks. Seadragons have no teeth or stomach and live exclusively on mysidopsis shrimp. Known as "Australian seahorses" in Australia, they are founded in calm, cold water that is approximately 10~12°C. Leafy seadragons have protected by the South Australian government since 1982.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 주어진 각각의 괄호 안에서 어법상 혹은 문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 고르시오.¹⁰⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Named after the dragons of Chinese mythology, leafy seadragons resemble a piece of drifting seaweed as they float in the seaweed-filled water. The leafy seadragon, with green, orange and gold hues along its body, is covered with leaf-like ①_____,¹¹⁾ 훌륭하게 위장할 수 있게 만들다. Like the seahorse, the male seadragon carries as many as 150~200 eggs. After being deposited by the female, the eggs are carried in the honeycomb-shaped area (known as the brood patch) under the male's tail for approximately eight weeks. Seadragons have no teeth or stomach and feed exclusively on mysidopsis shrimp. Known as "Australian seahorses" in Australia, they are found in calm, cold water that is approximately 10~12°C. Leafy seadragons have been protected by the South Australian government since 1982.

Refer to the following definition and fill in the blank ①.¹²⁾
(문맥에 맞도록 어형을 적절하게 바꿀 것.)

def.:- something that is joined to something larger or more important, for example a small part of your body such as a hand or foot

밑줄 친 우리말을 바르게 영작하시오.¹³⁾

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Kakapo is the world's rarest and strangest parrot. It's the only flightless parrot _____¹⁴⁾ being the heaviest in the world, [weighs/weighting]¹⁵⁾ up to 3.5 kilograms. The birds live in New Zealand, [which/where]¹⁶⁾ had virtually no mammals living there for millions of years. The Kakapo did not learn the _____¹⁷⁾ to combat or escape mammalian _____¹⁸⁾. This made the parrot very _____¹⁹⁾ when new animals started showing up. The arrival of Polynesian people thousands of years ago, of Europeans in the 1800's, and _____²⁰⁾ the pets and livestock they brought with them _____²¹⁾ the massive _____²²⁾ of Kakapo [population/populations]²³⁾ from hundreds of thousands to a mere handful of birds.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 주어진 각각의 괄호 안에서 어법상 혹은 문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Kakapo is the world's rarest and strangest parrot. It's the only flightless parrot as well as being the heaviest in the world, weighing up to 3.5 kilograms. The birds live in New Zealand, which had ① virtually no mammals living there for millions of years. The Kakapo did not learn the defense mechanisms to combat or escape mammalian ② prey. This made the parrot very ③ susceptible when new animals started showing up. The arrival of Polynesian people thousands of years ago, of Europeans in the 1800's, and ④ ultimately the pets and livestock they brought with them resulted in the massive ⑤ downfall of Kakapo populations from hundreds of thousands to a mere handful of birds.

문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?24)

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Kakapo is the world's rarest and strangest parrot. It's the only flightless parrot as (A)[good/well] as being the heaviest in the world, weighing up to 3.5 kilograms. The birds live

in New Zealand, (B)[which/where] had virtually no mammals living there for millions of years. The Kakapo did not learn the defense mechanisms to combat or escape reptile predators. This made the parrot very vulnerable when new animals started showing up. The arrival of Polynesian people thousands of years ago, of Europeans in the 1800's, and ultimately the pets and livestock they brought with (C)[them/themselves] resulted in the massive decline of Kakapo populations from hundreds of thousands to a mere handful of birds.

(A), (B), (C)의 각 괄호 안에서 어법상 옳은 것을 고르시오.25)

문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?26)

_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Kakapo is the world's rarest and strangest parrot. It's the only flightless parrot as well as being the heaviest in the world, weighing up to 3.5 kilograms. The birds live in New Zealand, which had virtually no mammals living there for millions of years. The Kakapo did not learn the defense mechanisms to combat or escape mammalian predators. This made the parrot very vulnerable when new animals started showing up. The arrival of Polynesian people thousands of years ago, of Europeans in the 1800's, led to the downfall of Kakapo populations to the near extinct level.

Kakapo의 개체수가 감소한 근본적인 이유를 다음과 같이 나타내고자 할 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 단어를 채우시오.27)

The remarkable decline of Kakapo populations has greatly attributed to the a _____ of proper defense mechanisms.

다음 우리말을 영어로 옮기시오.28)

궁극적으로는 그들이 데려온 애완동물과 가축들이(livestock) 카카포의 개체수를 수십만에서 소수에 불과한(handful) 조류로 대폭 감소하게 하는 결과를 낳았다.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Boadicea was the Queen of the Iceni, a tribe of Celts living in eastern England. After her husband, King Prasutagus, died around the year 59, the Romans _____²⁹⁾ the kingdom and began to _____³⁰⁾ it, thus p_____³¹⁾ the Iceni to _____³²⁾. Boadicea led the _____³³⁾ [that/which]³⁴⁾ destroyed the towns of Colchester and London, until the Roman armies marched against her. The Romans defeated the Iceni and their Celtic allies, and Boadicea ended her own life by taking poison to avoid [to be captured/being captured].³⁵⁾ She is r_____ _____³⁶⁾ fighting from a chariot, and the Romans had to develop special _____³⁷⁾ to combat these fast-moving warriors. She was described by one Roman historian as a tall, terrifying-looking woman with fierce eyes, a harsh voice, and very long hair. Boadicea's name means "victorious," or Victoria, and [during/while]³⁸⁾ the Victorian times she came to _____ _____³⁹⁾ a heroic symbol of Britain.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 주어진 각각의 괄호 안에서 어법상 혹은 문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Boadicea was the Queen of the Iceni, a tribe of Celts living in eastern England. After her husband, King Prasutagus, died around the year 59, the Romans ① sieged the kingdom and began to ② plunder it, thus provoking the Iceni to revolt. Boadicea led the rebellion, which destroyed the towns of Colchester and London, until the Roman armies marched against her. The Romans defeated the Iceni and their Celtic ③ alleys, and Boadicea ended her own life by taking poison to avoid being captured. She is ④ famous for fighting from a chariot, and the Romans had to develop special tactics to combat these fast-moving warriors. She was described by one Roman historian as a tall, terrifying-looking woman with ⑤ fierce eyes, a harsh voice, and very long hair. Boadicea's name means "victorious," or Victoria, and during the Victorian times she came to be viewed as a heroic symbol of Britain.

밑줄 친 ①~⑤ 가운데 문맥에 맞지 않는 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 모두 고르시오.⁴⁰⁾

① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Boadicea was the Queen of the Iceni, a tribe of Celts living in eastern England. After her husband, King Prasutagus, died around the year 59, the Romans seized the kingdom and began to despoil it and, undoubtedly to many folks of the time, thus (A) [provoking/provoked] the Iceni to revolt. Boadicea led the rebellion, which destroyed the towns of Colchester and London, until the Roman armies marched against her. The Romans defeated the Iceni and their Celtic allies, and Boadicea ended her own life by taking poison to avoid (B) [to be captured/being captured]. She is renowned for fighting from a chariot, and the Romans had to develop special tactics to combat these fast-moving warriors. She was described by one Roman historian as a tall, terrifying-looking woman with fierce eyes, a harsh voice, and very long hair. Boadicea's name means "victorious," or Victoria, and (C) [during/while] in the Victorian times she came to be viewed as a heroic symbol of Britain.

(A), (B), (C)의 각 괄호 안에서 어법상 옳은 것의 짝으로 바르게 연결된 것은?41)

- ① provoking to be captured during
- ② provoked to be captured while
- ③ provoking being captured during
- ④ provoked being captured while
- ⑤ provoking being captured while

[기술문제]

문맥상 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?42)

Boadicea led the rebellion, which destroyed the towns of Colchester and London, until the Roman armies marched against her.

Boadicea was the Queen of the Iceni, a tribe of Celts living in eastern England. (①) After her husband, King Prasutagus, died around the year 59, the Romans seized the kingdom and began to despoil it, thus provoking the Iceni to revolt. (②) The Romans defeated the Iceni and their Celtic allies, and Boadicea ended her own life by taking poison to avoid being captured. (③) She is renowned for fighting from a chariot, and the Romans had to develop

special tactics to combat these fast-moving warriors. (④) She was described by one Roman historian as a tall, terrifying-looking woman with fierce eyes, a harsh voice, and very long hair. (⑤) Boadicea's name means "victorious," or Victoria, and during the Victorian times she came to be viewed as a heroic symbol of Britain.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Boadicea was the Queen of the Iceni, a tribe of Celts living in eastern England. After her husband, King Prasutagus, died around the year 59, the Romans seized the kingdom and began to despoil it, thus provoking the Iceni to revolt. Boadicea led the rebellion, which destroyed the towns of Colchester and London, until the Roman armies marched against her. The Romans defeated the Iceni and their Celtic allies, and Boadicea ended her own life by taking poison to avoid being captured. She is renowned for fighting from a chariot, and the Romans had to develop special tactics to combat these fast-moving warriors. She was described by one Roman historian as a tall, terrifying-looking woman with fierce eyes, a harsh voice, and very long hair. Boadicea's name means "victorious," or Victoria, and 빅토리아 시대 동안 그녀는 영국의 영웅적 상징으로 여겨지게 되었다.

[서술형] 다음 우리말을 영어로 옮기시오.43)

빅토리아 시대(Victorian times) 동안 Boadicea는 영국의 영웅적 상징으로 여겨지게 되었다.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

When Rudyard Kipling was only 6, he was sent by his British parents from their home in India back to England. There he spent five _____⁴⁴⁾ years staying with a foster-mother he hated. But things _____⁴⁵⁾ when he went to boarding school, where he was quickly _____⁴⁶⁾ a _____⁴⁷⁾ young writer. At 16 he returned to India and began writing short stories and poems [to describe/describing]⁴⁸⁾ the lives of the British and Indian people. In 1894 he wrote *The Jungle Book*, [what/which]⁴⁹⁾ includes stories about an Indian child, Mowgli, _____⁵⁰⁾ by wolves. These stories made [so/such]⁵¹⁾ strong an impact [which/that]⁵²⁾ junior Boy Scouts were called "Wolf Cubs" from then on. His finest novel, *Kim* was appeared in 1901. Kim is an orphan boy who survives various exciting adventures in India through his mastery of disguise. Kipling was the first English writer to win the Nobel Prize for literature.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 부분을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.⁵³⁾

_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

When Rudyard Kipling was only 6, he was sent by his British parents from their home in India back to England. ① There he spent five miserable years staying with a foster-mother he hated. ② He was quickly noticed as a budding young writer there. ③ At 16 he returned to India and began writing short stories and poems describing the lives of the British and Indian people. ④ In 1894 he wrote *The Jungle Book*, which includes stories about an Indian child, Mowgli, brought up by wolves. ⑤ These stories made such an impact that junior Boy Scouts were called "Wolf Cubs" from then on. His finest novel, *Kim* appeared in 1901. Kim is an orphan boy who survives various exciting adventures in India through his ⑥_____. Kipling was the first English writer to win the Nobel Prize for literature.

⑥의 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 3단어로 쓰시오.⁵⁴⁾

다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?⁵⁵⁾

However, things looked up when he went to boarding school.

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

On previous occasions [detailing/detailed]⁵⁶⁾ reviews of expectations _____⁵⁷⁾ your performance have been [undertaking/undertaken]⁵⁸⁾ to ensure that you understand the requirements of your position. ㉠ They have been discussed with you orally on June 12 and in writing on July 13. However, you continue [to not/not to]⁵⁹⁾ meet the expectations. Your failure to _____⁶⁰⁾ the requirements of your job on an ongoing basis [has/have]⁶¹⁾ a serious impact on the operations of our department, and our ability to meet our goals. Once again you are expected to ㉢ _____ our performance expectations. Failure to meet these requirements will result [from/in]⁶²⁾ further corrective action, up to and including _____⁶³⁾. You have a right to request review of this action under Policy 72: Complaint Resolution.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

밑줄 친 ㉠가 가리키는 것을 찾아 쓰시오.⁶⁴⁾

Refer to the following definition and fill in the blank ㉢.⁶⁵⁾

def.-- to repeat something in order to emphasize it or make it very clear to people

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

On previous occasions ㉠ detailed reviews of expectations regarding your performance have undertaken to ensure that you understand the requirements of your position. ㉡ They have been discussed about orally on June 12 and in writing on July 13. ㉢ However, you continue to not meet the expectations. ㉣ Your failure to stick to the requirements of your job on an ongoing basis has a serious impact on the operations of our department, and our ability to meet our goals. Once again you are expected to reiterate our performance expectations. Further corrective action, up to and including termination ㉤ will result from failure to meet these requirements. You have a right to request review of this action under Policy 72: Complaint Resolution.

㉠~㉤ 중 어법상 잘못된 것을 세 개 골라 고쳐 쓰시오.⁶⁶⁾

_____번 → _____
_____번 → _____
_____번 → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

On previous occasions detailed reviews of expectations regarding your performance have been undertaken to ensure that you understand the requirements of your position. ① They have been discussed with you orally on June 12 and in writing on July 13. ② Your failure to ㉠ **adhere** to the requirements of your job on an ongoing basis has a serious impact on the operations of our department, and our ability to ㉡ **meet** our goals. ③ Once again you are expected to reiterate our performance expectations. Failure to meet these requirements will result in further corrective action, up to and including termination. ④ You have a right to request review of this action under Policy 72: Complaint Resolution. ⑤

다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?67)

However, you continue not to meet the expectations.

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

밑줄 친 ㉠, ㉡와 의미상 바꿔 쓸 수 있는 말을 주어진 철자로 시작하여 쓰시오.68)

㉠: s _ _ _ _ _

㉡: sa _ _ _ _ _

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

On previous occasions detailed reviews of expectations regarding your performance have been undertaken to ensure that you understand the requirements of your position. They have been discussed with you orally on June 12 and in writing on July 13. However, you continue not to meet the expectations. Your failure to **adhere to** the requirements of your job on an ongoing basis has a serious impact on the operations of our department, and our ability to meet our goals. Once again you are expected to **reiterate** our performance expectations. 이러한 필요조건들을 충족시키지 못하면 해고까지, 혹은 이를 포함한 추가적인 교정 조치의 결과를 가져올 것입니다. You have a right to request review of this action under Policy 72: Complaint Resolution.

다음 우리말을 <보기>에 주어진 단어를 사용하여 영어로 옮기시오.69) (필요시 어형 바꾸고 단어추가도 할 것.)

<보기> fail, meet, require, result, corrective, terminate

이러한 필요조건들을 충족시키지 못하면 해고까지, 혹은 이를 포함한 추가적인 교정 조치의 결과를 가져올 것입니다.



※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Did you know George Washington never lived in the White House? Or that the Old Post Office Pavilion has _____⁷⁹⁾ on the mall (a great way to avoid Washington Monument crowds)? Capital Segway _____⁸⁰⁾ such t_____⁸¹⁾ while riders zoom the streets at a speedy 12 mph. The tour guide speaks through an iPod-like sound system, [that/which]⁸²⁾ Capital Segway says makes it "more [legitimate/intimate]⁸³⁾ than a walking tour." The tour, [offering/offered]⁸⁴⁾ day and night, rolls between 20 popular sights including the U.S. Capitol and the White House. Regulations prohibit the segway machines from entering into buildings. Ten minutes s _____⁸⁵⁾ to train on the Segway, [learn/learning]⁸⁶⁾ to m _____⁸⁷⁾ it with ease. The devices adjust their e _____⁸⁸⁾ 100 times per second, automating what is appeared to be a difficult balancing act and freeing riders to enjoy the sights.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 것 두 개를 바르게 고치시오.⁸⁹⁾

_____ → _____
_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Did you know George Washington never lived in the White House? Or that the Old Post Office Pavilion has a prime vantage point on the mall (a great way to avoid Washington Monument crowds)? Capital Segway **(A)** **[disclosures/discloses]⁹⁰⁾** such tidbits while riders zoom the streets at a speedy 12 mph. The tour guide speaking through an iPod-like sound system, which is quite popular with tourists, **(B)** **[makes/making]⁹¹⁾** it "more intimate than a walking tour." The tour, offered day and night, rolls between 20 popular sights including the U.S. Capitol and the White House. Regulations prohibit the segway machines from entering buildings. Ten minutes **(C)** **[suffices/suffice]⁹²⁾** to train on the Segway, learning to maneuver it with ease. The devices adjust their equilibrium 100 times per second, automating what appears to be a difficult balancing act and freeing riders to enjoy the sights.

(A), (B), (C)의 괄호 안에서 어법/문맥상 옳은 것을 고르시오.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

One in every ten U.S. consumers [has/have]⁹³⁾ been [victimizing/victimized]⁹⁴⁾ by identity theft — many without even knowing it. The majority of victims [has/have]⁹⁵⁾ trouble [to resolve/resolving]⁹⁶⁾ the negative issues that [raise/arise]⁹⁷⁾ from ㉠_____,⁹⁸⁾ resulting [from/in]⁹⁹⁾ poor credit scores and the inability to obtain loans. Why put your i_____¹⁰⁰⁾ and your future at risk? At Suzanne Sansom we've been protecting individuals, families, and businesses from f_____¹⁰¹⁾ and [consistently/insistently]¹⁰²⁾ providing the most effective and a_____¹⁰³⁾ identity theft coverage. We pride ourselves on offering [customized/customizing]¹⁰⁴⁾ plans that meet your needs and fit your budget. So why wait? Protect yourself and your identity today; you are your own most important investment. At Suzanne Sansom, we are here to serve to you, so contact us now!

문맥상 ㉠의 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰시오.

어법상 틀린 것을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.¹⁰⁵⁾

_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

One in every ten U.S. consumers has been victimized by identity theft — many without even knowing it. ① The majority of victims have trouble resolving the negative issues that arise from identity theft. ② Speaking of the very identity theft, it usually results in poor credit scores and the inability to obtain loans. ③ At Suzanne Sansom we've been protecting individuals, families, and businesses from fraud and consistently providing the most effective and affordable identity theft coverage. ④ We pride ourselves on offering customized plans that meet your needs and fit your budget. ⑤ So why wait? Protect yourself and your identity today; you are your own most important investment. At Suzanne Sansom, we are here to serve you, so contact us now!

다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?¹⁰⁶⁾

Why put your integrity and your future at risk?

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The animal brain is _____¹⁰⁷⁾ fully formed at birth. It continues shaping itself through life. A vivid demonstration of this is in studies of "rich" and "poor" rats. The "rich" rats lived in small groups in cages with plenty of rat _____¹⁰⁸⁾ such as ladders and treadmills. The "poor" rats lived in cages that were similar but _____¹⁰⁹⁾ and lacking _____¹¹⁰⁾. Over a period of months the neocortex of the rich rats developed _____¹¹¹⁾ more complex networks of synaptic circuits [interconnected/interconnecting]¹¹²⁾ the neurons; the poor rats' neuronal circuitry was _____¹¹³⁾ _____¹¹⁴⁾. The difference was so great that the rich rats' brains were heavier, and, perhaps not surprisingly, they were far smarter at solving mazes than the poor rats do. Similar experiments with monkeys show these differences between those "rich" and "poor," and the same effect is sure to be occurred in humans.

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것은?¹¹⁵⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The animal brain is by no means fully formed at birth. It continues to shape itself through life. A vivid demonstration of this is in studies of "rich" and "poor" rats. The "rich" rats lived in small groups in cages with plenty of rat diversions such as ladders and treadmills. The "poor" rats lived in cages that were similar but barren and lacking diversions. Over a period of months the neocortex of the rich rats developed far more complex networks of synaptic circuits interconnecting the neurons; the poor rats' neuronal circuitry was sparse by comparison. The difference was so great that the rich rats' brains were heavier, and, perhaps not surprisingly, they were far smarter at solving mazes than the poor rats. Similar experiments with monkeys show these differences between those "rich" and "poor," and the same effect is sure to occur in humans.

이 글의 주제를 아래와 같이 나타내고자 한다. 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰시오.¹¹⁶⁾

importance of _____ in the _____ of the brain

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Hearing is the most important sense for dolphins, and the ability to hear well is vital in all key aspects of their lives including finding food, navigating and social interactions. Any reduction in hearing ability — whether by physical damage or masking by other sound — may seriously damage the viability of individuals and, therefore, populations. Human-created noise pollution which comes from shipping and military activities in the marine environment contributes to unintended consequences in dolphins, including altering behavior, increasing stress and displacement from important habitats. But the extent of harassment, whether intentional or incidental, may be increasing and we are currently unable to evaluate the long-term impact.



_____ of human-created noise on dolphins

이 글의 주제를 위와 같이 완성하고자 할 때 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰시오.¹¹⁷⁾

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Hearing is the most important sense for dolphins, and the ability to hear [good/well]¹¹⁸⁾ is vital in all key aspects of their lives including finding food, navigating and social interactions. Any [induction/reduction]¹¹⁹⁾ in hearing ability — whether by physical damage or masking by [other/the other]¹²⁰⁾ sound — may seriously damage the _____¹²¹⁾ of individuals and, (A)_____,¹²²⁾ populations. Human-created noise pollution which comes from shipping and military activities in the marine environment contributes unintended sequences in dolphins, including altering behavior, increasing stress and [displacement/replacement]¹²³⁾ from important habitats. (B)_____,¹²⁴⁾ the extension of harassment, whether intentional or incidental, may be increasing and we are currently unable to (C)e_____ t_____ l_____ e_____.

(C)의 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰시오.¹²⁵⁾

(A), (B)에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰시오.

어법상 혹은 문맥상 틀린 부분을 바르게 고치시오.¹²⁶⁾

틀린 부분의 개수: _____개

틀린 부분	→	고친 부분
_____	→	_____
_____	→	_____
_____	→	_____
_____	→	_____
_____	→	_____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

World War I was the first _____¹²⁷⁾ war in history. In the beginning fighting was similar to wars @ fought in the previous century. (A)_____, new and [terrifying/terrified]¹²⁸⁾ weapons were introduced which completely changed the whole style of warfare. Aircraft were used for the first time to _____¹²⁹⁾ the enemy and to _____¹³⁰⁾ suitable targets for the long-range a_____.¹³¹⁾ Later on, fighter planes began to shoot down the spotters, [introduced/introducing]¹³²⁾ a_____ w_____.¹³³⁾ Aircraft and Zeppelin airships were used as bombers. The most terrifying new weapon was poison gas which was used by both sides. It caused millions of deaths and terrible suffering. (B)_____, [armoring/armored]¹³⁴⁾ tanks made their first appearance in battle.

밑줄 친 @를 의미가 같은 절로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹³⁵⁾

빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 바르게 짝지어진 것은?¹³⁶⁾

- ① However As a result
- ② For example Besides
- ③ However Not only that
- ④ In the first place Consequently
- ⑤ Similarly For example

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

World War I was the first mechanized war in history. In the beginning fighting was similar to wars fought in the previous century. But new and terrifying weapons were introduced which completely changed the whole style of warfare. Aircraft were used for the first time to observe the enemy and to locate suitable targets for the long-range artillery. Later on, fighter planes began to shoot down the spotters, introducing aerial warfare. Aircraft and Zeppelin airships were used as bombers. The most terrifying new weapon was poison gas which was used by both sides. It caused millions of deaths and terrible suffering. Armored tanks also made their first appearance in battle.



the influence of new _____ on World War I

이 글의 주제를 위와 같이 나타낼 때 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰시오.¹³⁷⁾

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

World War I was the first mechanized war in history. In the beginning fighting was similar to wars fought in the previous century. But new and terrifying weapons were introduced which completely changed the whole style of warfare. Aircraft were used for the first time to observe the enemy and to locate suitable targets for the long-range artillery. Later on, fighter planes began to shoot down the spotters, introducing aerial warfare. Aircraft and Zeppelin airships were used as bombers. 가장 무시무시한 신무기는 양측 둘 다에 의해 사용된 독가스였다. It caused millions of deaths and terrible suffering. Armored tanks also made their first appearance in battle.

밑줄 친 문장을 어법과 문맥에 맞도록 바르게 영작하시오.¹³⁸⁾

위 영작한 문장과 같은 의미가 되도록 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 각각 채우시오.

Poison gas which was used by both sides was _____ terrifying _____¹³⁹⁾ any other weapon.¹⁴⁰⁾

위 영작한 문장과 같은 의미가 되도록 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 각각 채우시오.

Nothing was _____ terrifying _____ poison gas which was used by both sides.¹⁴¹⁾

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

In fourteenth-century Europe, the plague did not spread very quickly from town to town because people typically did not travel more than a few miles a day, and the people they [interacted/interacted with]¹⁴²⁾ usually lived nearby. Back then, it took more than three years for the plague to move from the southern part of Europe to its northern reaches, with an average speed of movement of two or three miles a day. (A)_____, over the past centuries there has been a dramatic increase in how far people can travel, and the wider physical range of modern social networks has greatly increased the speed at which pathogens can spread. (B)_____, one of the people [involving/involved]¹⁴³⁾ in the 2003 SARS breakout carried the _____¹⁴⁴⁾ eight thousand miles in a single day.

단어의 쓰임이 바르지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.¹⁴⁵⁾

_____ → _____
_____ → _____

빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 바르게 짝지어진 것은?¹⁴⁶⁾

- ① However For example
- ② Similarly Consequently
- ③ For example However
- ④ For example As a result
- ⑤ Similarly For example

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

In fourteenth-century Europe, the plague did not spread very quickly from town to town because people typically did not travel more than a few miles a day, and the people they interacted with usually lived nearby. Back then, it took more than three years for the plague to move from the southern part of Europe to its northern reaches, with an average speed of movement of two or three miles a day. 그러나 지난 몇 세기에 걸쳐 사람들이 얼마나 멀리 이동할 수 있는가에 있어서 극적인 증가가 있었으며, 현대의 사회적 네트워크의 보다 폭넓은 물리적인 범위는 병원균들이 확산될 수 있는 속도를 상당히 증가시켰다. For example, one of the people involved in the 2003 SARS outbreak carried the infection eight thousand miles in a single day.



effects of humans' _____ on the spread of disease

이 글의 주제를 위와 같이 나타내고자 한다. 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 채우시오.¹⁴⁷⁾

다음 보기에 주어진 어구를 참고하여 밑줄 친 우리말을 바르게 영작하십시오.¹⁴⁸⁾

<보기> past centuries, dramatic increase, how far, wider physical range, which, spread



※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

㉠[A few/Few]¹⁴⁹⁾ topics in psychology get as much attention as the _____¹⁵⁰⁾ between childhood experiences and adult happiness. Researchers at Cambridge University _____¹⁵¹⁾ this issue in 2011 by examining the early and teen years of 2,776 adult subjects, ㉡ [analyzed/analyzing]¹⁵²⁾ their childhood mental well-being and personality _____¹⁵³⁾ from school records and personality tests among ㉢[other/the other]¹⁵⁴⁾ sources. They then _____¹⁵⁵⁾ this information _____¹⁵⁶⁾ their adult subjects' education level, marital status, income, occupation, mental health, social involvement, and leadership activities. _____¹⁵⁷⁾ children who had no positive ratings, participants with one positive childhood rating (e.g., a glowing teacher's report) were 21% less likely to _____¹⁵⁸⁾ as adults, while those with two or more positive ratings would 61% less likely ㉣[develop/to develop]¹⁵⁹⁾ those problems.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

㉠~㉣의 각 괄호 안에서 어법상 옳은 것을 고르시오.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

(A) Linkage between childhood experiences and adult happiness get the most attention as a topic in psychology. Researchers at Cambridge University [tackled/tackled with]¹⁶⁰⁾ this issue in 2011 by examining the early and teen years of 2,776 adult subjects and, as might be expected, [analyzed/analyzing]¹⁶¹⁾ their childhood mental well-being and personality assessed from school records and personality tests among [other/the other]¹⁶²⁾ sources. They then correlated this information with their adult subjects' education level, marital status, income, occupation, mental health, social involvement, and leadership activities. Comparing with children who had no positive ratings, participants with one positive childhood rating (e.g., a glowing teacher's report) might 21% less likely to develop emotional problems as adults, while those with two or more positive ratings were 61% less prone to develop those problems.

밑줄 친 문장 (A)와 의미상 같은 문장을 쓰고자 한다. 주어진 단어 다음의 빈칸을 채워 완성하십시오.¹⁶³⁾

Few topics in psychology _____

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 고르시오.¹⁶⁴⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

[기출문제]

다음 밑줄 친 문장과 같은 뜻이 되도록 주어진 문장의 빈칸에 들어갈 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.¹⁶⁵⁾ [3점]

Few topics in psychology get as much attention as the linkage between childhood experiences and adult happiness. Researchers at Cambridge University tackled this issue in 2011 by examining the early and teen years of 2,776 adult subjects, analyzing their childhood mental well-being and personality assessed from school records and personality tests among other sources. They then correlated this information with their adult subjects' education level, marital status, income, occupation, mental health, social involvement, and leadership activities. Compared with children who had no positive ratings, participants with one positive childhood rating (e.g., a glowing teacher's report) were 21% less likely to develop emotional problems as adults, while those with two or more positive ratings were 61% less likely to develop those problems.

⇒ The linkage between childhood experiences and adult happiness gets _____ attention _____ all the other topics in psychology.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Solo percussionist Evelyn Glennie became _____¹⁶⁶⁾ deaf as a young girl, but she learned to understand music and to hear with her other senses. For her part, Glennie _____¹⁶⁷⁾ no difference between feeling sound and hearing sound, 입술의 움직임을 눈으로 관찰하는 것과 그녀가 듣는 말 사이에도 차이가 없다. _____¹⁶⁸⁾ she insists that "hear" is the correct word. "I see something, I hear it. If you dropped your pencil on the floor, I'm assuming that's making a noise; _____¹⁶⁹⁾ I'm using my _____¹⁷⁰⁾; _____¹⁷¹⁾ I hear it. And that's basically how my sound world is made up of. It's entirely through my imagination; entirely through touch, entirely through feel and what do I see. It's all using every sense I have." The percussionist actively creates her perceptual world using her mind.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 고르시오.¹⁷²⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

밑줄 친 우리말을 <보기>에 주어진 단어를 참고하여 어법과 문맥에 맞도록 바르게 영작하십시오.¹⁷³⁾

<보기> (differentiate, visual, observation)

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Solo percussionist Evelyn Glennie became profoundly deaf as a young girl, but she learned to understand music and to hear with her other senses. For her part, Glennie admits no difference between feeling sound and hearing sound, nor does she differentiate between the visual observation of lips moving and the spoken words she hears. Indeed, she insists that "hear" is the correct word. "I see something, I hear it. If you dropped your pencil on the floor, I'm assuming that's making a noise; therefore I'm using my imagination; therefore I hear it. And that's basically how my sound world is made up. It's entirely through my imagination; entirely through touch, entirely through feel and what I see. It's all using every sense I have." The percussionist actively creates _____.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 고르시오.¹⁷⁴⁾

- ① perceptual defence using her mind
- ② conscious world using her feeling
- ③ perceptual world using her senses
- ④ perceptual sound to be understood
- ⑤ perceptual world using her mind

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Break-ins happen _____¹⁷⁵⁾ ways of getting in are either weakly protected or _____¹⁷⁶⁾ Windows and doors can be more strongly constructed and armed with dead bolts. They can also _____¹⁷⁷⁾ that are well-lit and public, or, in the case of windows, hardly to access. 그러나 어떤 장소를 포로수용소처럼 보이게 만드는 것은 소외감을 증가시키고 아마도 범죄를 부추길 수도 있다. So these features always need to look attractive and stylish, as well as strong. And it's [worth/worthy]¹⁷⁸⁾ of creating space for planting and plant barriers rather than building a lot of walls, bars, and concrete. Planting not only gives a place a more attractive, cared-for look; burglars are actually more _____¹⁷⁹⁾ by flower beds and hedges than they are by walls. It's surprisingly hardly to climb over a hedge!

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

밑줄 친 우리말 문장을 바르게 영작하십시오.¹⁸⁰⁾

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 고르시오.¹⁸¹⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Break-ins happen where ways of getting in are either weakly protected or out of sight. Windows and doors can be more strongly constructed and armed with dead bolts. They can also be sited in places that are well-lit and public, or, in the case of windows, hard to access. But making somewhere look like a prison camp increases alienation and probably incites crime. So these features always need to look attractive and stylish, as well as strong. And it's worth creating space for planting and plant barriers rather than building a lot of walls, bars, and concrete. Planting not only gives a place a more attractive, cared-for look; burglars are actually more deterred by flower beds and hedges than they are by walls. It's surprisingly hard to climb over a hedge!

밑줄 친 문장을 도치문으로 바꿔 쓰시오.¹⁸²⁾

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Break-ins happen where ways of getting in are either weakly protected or out of sight. Windows and doors can be more strongly constructed and armed with dead bolts. They can also be sited in places that are well-lit and public, or, in the case of windows, hard to access.

- (A) In addition, it's worth creating space for planting and plant barriers rather than building a lot of walls, bars, and concrete.
- (B) Thus, these features always need to look attractive and stylish, as well as strong.
- (C) However, making somewhere look like a prison camp increases alienation and probably incites crime.

Planting not only gives a place a more attractive, cared-for look; burglars are actually more deterred by flower beds and hedges than they are by walls. It's surprisingly hard to climb over a hedge!

글의 흐름에 맞도록 이 글을 순서를 완성하십시오.¹⁸³⁾

_____ → _____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

As marketing _____¹⁸⁴⁾ through the 21st century, a _____¹⁸⁵⁾ change is being taken place in the way companies interact customers. The traditional view of marketing as a simple exchange process, or transaction-based marketing, _____¹⁸⁶⁾ a different, longer-term approach that empathizes building relationships with customers. Traditional marketing strategies focused on attracting customers and closing deals. Today's marketers realize that, [although/despite]¹⁸⁷⁾ the fact that it's important to attract new customers, it is even more important to establish and maintain a relationship with them so they become royal repeat customers. These efforts must _____¹⁸⁸⁾ to include suppliers and employees as well. Over the long term, this relationship _____¹⁸⁹⁾ to _____¹⁹⁰⁾.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법/문맥상 어휘가 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것은?¹⁹¹⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

As marketing progresses through the 21st century, a significant change is taking place in the way companies interact with customers. The traditional view of marketing as a simple exchange process, or transaction-based marketing, is being replaced by a different, longer-term approach that emphasizes building relationships with customers. Traditional marketing strategies focused on attracting customers and closing deals. Today's marketers realize that, although it's important to attract new customers, 그들과의 관계를 수립하고 유지하여 그들이 충실한 단골 고객이 되는 것이 훨씬 더 중요하다는 것을 깨닫고 있다. These efforts must expand to include suppliers and employees as well. Over the long term, this relationship may be translated to the lifetime value of a customer.

밑줄 친 우리말 문장을 <보기>에 주어진 단어를 사용하여 영작하십시오.¹⁹²⁾

<보기> important, establish, maintain, repeat

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

As marketing progresses through the 21st century, a significant change is taking place in the way companies interact with customers. The traditional view of marketing as a simple exchange process, or transaction-based marketing, is being replaced by a different, longer-term approach that emphasizes building relationships with customers. Traditional marketing strategies focused on attracting customers and closing deals. (A)_____, today's marketers realize that, although it's important to attract new customers, it is even more important to establish and maintain a relationship with them so they become loyal repeat customers. (B)_____, these efforts must expand to include suppliers and employees as well. Over the long term, this relationship may be translated to the lifetime value of a customer.

글의 흐름으로 보아 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 바르게 짝지어진 것은?¹⁹³⁾

- ① For example In conclusion
② Similarly Therefore
③ However Thus
④ Similarly Consequently
⑤ However For example

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

She pushed the "off" button and stared at the microphone. Her fingers were _____.¹⁹⁴⁾ She'd done it! She'd taken the first huge step of the year to become someone people actually knew and _____.¹⁹⁵⁾ Who knew? Maybe by next year, people would be voting for her for homecoming queen. The thought gave her _____.¹⁹⁶⁾ The hallway was packed with students _____¹⁹⁷⁾ their lockers open. She had just a few minutes to get to her locker before first period. Her face _____¹⁹⁸⁾ excitement. She felt like a new woman. But no one seemed to be looking at her. She stared at the students as they continued to brush past her, obliviously to the fact that she'd just given with an amazing performance over the loudspeaker. Was it possible that everyone was just too jealous of her oblivious talent to acknowledge her?

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 채우시오.

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것은?¹⁹⁹⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

문맥상 어휘가 틀린 것은?²⁰⁰⁾

_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

She pushed the "off" button and stared at the microphone. Her fingers were tingling. She'd done it! She'd taken the first huge step of the year to becoming someone people actually knew and admired. Who knew? Maybe by next year, people would be voting for her for homecoming queen. The thought gave her chills. The hallway was packed with students clanking their lockers open. ① She had just a few minutes to get to her locker before first period. ② Her face was flushed with excitement. ③ She felt like a new woman. ④ But no one seemed to be looking at her. She stared at the students as they continued to brush past her, oblivious to the fact that she'd just given an amazing performance over the loudspeaker. ⑤ Was it possible that everyone was just too jealous of her obvious talent to acknowledge her?

다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?²⁰¹⁾

But no one seemed to be looking at her.

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

The name armadillo means "little armored one." All armadillos _____ _____ _____²⁰²⁾ plates of bones and horn [setting/set]²⁰³⁾ in the skin of their backs, heads, and tails. When attacked, some can _____ _____ _____²⁰⁴⁾ a ball. Those which are not able to roll up defend them with the huge claws on their front feet. But they are not _____²⁰⁵⁾ and whenever possible [prefer/preferring]²⁰⁶⁾ to escape danger by burrowing. Armadillos are slow-moving animals, mainly active at night, when they hunt for insects, worms and carrion. Some armadillos produce a single young one each year, but most have a litter of identical cubs, all developed from a single [fertilizing/fertilized]²⁰⁷⁾ egg. Most species of armadillos are now [rare/rarely]²⁰⁸⁾ seen, partly because they have been hunted for food, and partly ㉠ _____ the [construction/destruction]²⁰⁹⁾ of their habitat.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 곳을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.²¹⁰⁾

_____ → _____

빈칸 ㉠에 들어가기에 어색한 것을 고르시오.²¹¹⁾

- ① because of ② owing to ③ due to
- ④ on account of ⑤ thanks to

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

The name armadillo means "little armored one." All armadillos are shielded with plates of bones and horn set in the skin of their backs, heads, and tails. (①) When attacked, some can curl up into a ball. (②) Those which are not able to roll up defend themselves with the huge claws on their front feet. (③) Armadillos are slow-moving animals, ㉠ **mainly active at night**, when they hunt for insects, worms and carrion. (④) Some armadillos produce a single young one each year, but most have a litter of identical cubs, all developed from a single fertilized egg. (⑤) Most species of armadillos are now rare, partly because they have been hunted for food, and partly because of the destruction of their habitat.

다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

But they are not aggressive and whenever possible prefer to escape danger by burrowing.

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

밑줄 친 ㉠가 의미하는 것을 고르시오.²¹²⁾

- ① migratory ② diurnal ③ vigilant
- ④ sedentary ⑤ nocturnal

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Asoka was the greatest emperor of ancient India, who brought nearly all of India, together with Baluchistan and Afghanistan, under one _____²¹³⁾ for the first time in history. He took government very seriously, [reforming/reformed]²¹⁴⁾ taxes, and [encouraging/encouraged]²¹⁵⁾ trade and farming, [building/built]²¹⁶⁾ walled cities with pleasant houses and paved streets. Legend has it that after his bloody _____²¹⁷⁾ of the state of Kalinga, Asoka was r_____²¹⁸⁾ for the suffering he had inflicted, [accepting/accepted]²¹⁹⁾ Buddhism and abandoned wars of conquest. Asoka made new laws and had them [inscribing/inscribed]²²⁰⁾ on stone pillars [setting/set]²²¹⁾ up all across his empire. He erected _____²²²⁾ Buddhist monasteries and stupas, regulated the slaughter of animals, and softened the harsh laws of his predecessors. He sent Buddhist missionaries throughout India and its _____²²³⁾ lands, and as far as Syria, Egypt, and Greece. India p_____²²⁴⁾ and art f_____²²⁵⁾ under the rein of Asoka. After his death the Mauryan empire swiftly declined.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

문맥상 어휘가 바르지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.²²⁶⁾

_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

(A) Asoka was the greatest emperor of ancient India, who brought nearly all of India, together with Baluchistan and Afghanistan, under one sway for the first time in history. 그는 세계 개혁을 하고, 무역과 농업을 장려하였으며, 쾌적한 주택과 포장된 도로가 있는 성벽으로 둘러싸인 도시들을 건설하는 등 국가의 통치를 매우 중대하게 여겼다. According to legends, after his bloody conquest of the state of Kalinga, Asoka was remorseful for the suffering he had inflicted; accepted Buddhism and abandoned wars of conquest. Asoka made new laws and had them inscribed on stone pillars set up all across his empire. He erected numerous Buddhist monasteries and stupas, regulated the slaughter of animals, and softened the harsh laws of his predecessors. He sent Buddhist missionaries throughout India and its adjacent lands, and as far as Syria, Egypt, and Greece. India prospered and art flourished under the reign of Asoka. After his death the Mauryan empire swiftly declined.

밑줄 친 문장 (A)를 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 쓰시오.²²⁷⁾

- ▶ Asoka was _____ than any other emperor of ancient India.
- ▶ No one was _____ _____ Asoka as the emperor of ancient India.

밑줄 친 우리말을 다음 주어진 단어를 바르게 배열하여 완성하십시오.

government / He / trade / and / seriously, / farming, / pleasant / and / very / walled / encouraging / took / with / reforming / and / cities / paved / streets / houses / taxes, / building

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

To keep yourself in top condition — physically, mentally, emotionally — and to look [good/well]²²⁸⁾ and feel [good/well],²²⁹⁾ you know there's no better way than The Hawthorne Fitness Club. We offer you with modern, clean, and well-equipped facilities, a friendly staff all _____²³⁰⁾ the widest range of sports, and relaxation facilities, and an interesting variety of instructional and recreational programs. The beauty of it is that you can find all in one convenient location for one low fee. Earning your membership is easy with [a number of/the number of]²³¹⁾ convenient payment methods _____²³²⁾ We suggest the monthly automatic w_____²³³⁾ But you may choose to _____²³⁴⁾ the membership fee on your Visa or MasterCard. We look forward to help you enjoy a year of health, fun, and fitness here.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 고르시오.²³⁵⁾

- ① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The paddle moved rhythmically, and the boat rocked _____²³⁶⁾ slightly. Now ① they sat in the middle of a small lake. Tundra swan and Canada geese literally surrounded ② them. Thousands of ③ them. Birds were floating so close together in some places that Rachel couldn't see the water. ④ They sat in silence for a long while, watching the birds. Dan pointed out a group of chicks, recently hatched, following a pack of geese near the shore, struggling to keep up. The air was filled [of/with]²³⁷⁾ honking and chirping as Dan moved the canoe through the water. Dan brought out the bag of bread he'd brought earlier and handed it to Rachel. She _____²³⁸⁾ the bread favoring the little ones, laughing and smiling as ⑤ they swam in circles, looking for food.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

①~⑤의 they(them)이 지칭하는 대상을 각각 쓰시오.²³⁹⁾

- ①: ②: ③:
④: ⑤:

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The paddle moved rhythmically, with the boat [rocking/rocked]²⁴⁰⁾ ever so slightly. Now they sat in the middle of a small lake. Tundra swan and Canada geese literally surrounded them. Thousands of them. Birds were floating so close together in some places in which Rachel couldn't see the water. They sat in silence for a long while, watching the birds. Dan pointed out a group of chicks, recently [hatching/hatched],²⁴¹⁾ [following/followed]²⁴²⁾ a pack of geese near the shore, struggling to keep up with. The air was filled with honking and chirping as Dan moved the canoe through the water. Dan brought out the bag of bread he'd brought earlier and handed it to Rachel. She scattered the bread favoring the little ones, laughing and smiling as they swam in circles, looking for food.

어법상 틀린 곳 두 군데를 바르게 고치시오.²⁴³⁾

_____ → _____
_____ → _____

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The paddle moved rhythmically, and the boat rocked ever so slightly. Now they sat in the middle of a small lake. Tundra swan and Canada geese literally surrounded them. Thousands of them. Birds were floating so close together in some places that Rachel couldn't see the water. They sat in silence for a long while, watching the birds. Dan pointed out a group of chicks, recently hatched, following a pack of geese near the shore, struggling to keep up. The air was filled with honking and chirping as Dan moved the canoe through the water. Dan brought out the bag of bread he'd brought earlier and handed it to Rachel. She scattered the bread favoring the little ones, laughing and smiling as they swam in circles, looking for food.

글의 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은?²⁴⁴⁾

- ① cheerful and festive
- ② peaceful and reminiscent
- ③ gloomy and depressing
- ④ urgent and desperate
- ⑤ idyllic and pastoral

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

The Governance Workgroup is developing recommendations on governance mechanisms for the _____²⁴⁵⁾ health information network. The Workgroup is now preparing for recommendations on how should governance functions be implemented and by whom. As a first step, the Workgroup would like to identify existing mechanisms that might be [appropriate/appropriately],²⁴⁶⁾ with or without modifications, and with or without some added _____;²⁴⁷⁾ and whether new mechanisms are needed, and if so, which? The Workgroup would like _____²⁴⁸⁾ on these issues and has created a ㉠ _____²⁴⁹⁾ listing the core functions and questions to frame the input. The ㉡ _____²⁵⁰⁾ is presented below for your comments. You can download and complete it and email it to onn.request@hss.gov. We would appreciate [to receive/receiving]²⁵¹⁾ your email as soon as possible and no later than October 3.

빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 말을 쓰고, 괄호 안에서 어법상/문맥상 적절한 것을 고르시오.

어법상 틀린 것의 개수로 적절한 것을 고르시오.²⁵²⁾

① 2개 ② 3개 ③ 4개 ④ 5개 ⑤ 6개

㉠, ㉡에 공통으로 들어갈 단어를 쓰시오.

※ 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

The Governance Workgroup is developing recommendations on governance mechanisms for the nationwide health information network. The Workgroup is now preparing recommendations on how governance functions should be implemented and by whom. As a first step, the Workgroup would like to identify existing mechanisms that might be appropriate, with or without modifications, and with or without some added coordination; and whether new mechanisms are needed, and if so, which? The Workgroup would like public input on these issues and has created a 핵심 기능과 넣으려는 의견의 틀을 잡은 질문들을 열거한 설문지. The questionnaire is presented below for your comments. You can download and complete it and email it to onn.request@hss.gov. We would appreciate receiving your email as soon as possible and no later than October 3.

밑줄 친 우리말에 해당하는 영어 어구를 쓰시오.²⁵³⁾